GROUP LONG TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE

Protect your income while coping with a long-lasting disability.

Long Term Disability insurance can help protect your income if you can’t work due to a qualifying disability. It can also help you get back to work when you’re ready. Whether you’re out for a few months or years, this benefit can help you protect your income — and those who depend on it.

Long Term Disability insurance may help protect your income if you can’t work and don’t get your regular paycheck.

Long Term Disability insurance can help pay the bills if you become disabled and can’t work for an extended period. That could be a few months or several years. This coverage may help replace part of your paycheck, which can help protect your lifestyle and savings.

You can get help returning to work when you’re ready. This Long Term Disability coverage includes incentives and assistance to help you get back to work. The Standard may also help pay the costs of modifying your workplace to accommodate your needs.

One in four 20-year-olds will become disabled before reaching age 67. And one in 10 Americans live with severe disability.* Long-term disabilities can be caused by accidents but also by illnesses such as cancer and heart disease. How many paychecks could you miss? Long Term Disability insurance can help you maintain your lifestyle and pay for things like:

- Housing Costs
- Groceries
- Car Insurance
- College Tuition

*Source: Basic Facts, U.S. Social Security Administration, June 2018
## What Your Benefit Provides
This is the amount per month you would receive if you experience a qualifying disability. Eligible earnings are your monthly insured predisability earnings, as defined by the group policy. Your monthly benefit will be reduced by deductible income. Please see the Important Details section for a list of deductible income sources.

60 percent of your eligible earnings, up to a maximum benefit of $7500 per month. Plan minimum per month: $100 or 10 percent of the Long Term Disability benefit.

## Benefit Waiting Period
If you experience a qualifying disability, your benefit waiting period is the length of time you must be continuously disabled before you become eligible to receive your monthly benefit.

180 days

## How Long Your Benefits Last
This is the maximum length of time you could be eligible to receive disability benefits for a continuous disability.

Until age 65

Depending on your age at the time of disability, your benefits may be subject to a different schedule. Refer to the Maximum Benefit Period table in the Important Details section for specifics.

See the Important Details section for more information, including requirements, limitations, exclusions and definitions.
How Much Your Coverage Costs

Because this insurance is offered through State of Nevada, you’ll have access to competitive group rates that may be more affordable than those available through individual insurance. You’ll also have the convenience of having your premium deducted directly from your paycheck.

How much your premium costs depends on a number of factors, such as your age and benefit amount.

Use this formula to estimate your monthly premium payment:

\[ \text{Enter your monthly earnings} \times \text{Enter your rate from the rate table below} \div 100 = \text{This amount is an estimate of how much you'd pay each month.} \]

Enter your monthly earnings (cannot be more than $12,500).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Your Age (as of January 1)</th>
<th>Rate %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;25</td>
<td>0.082</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-29</td>
<td>0.122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-34</td>
<td>0.189</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-39</td>
<td>0.347</td>
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<tr>
<td>40-44</td>
<td>0.436</td>
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<tr>
<td>45-49</td>
<td>0.582</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-54</td>
<td>0.582</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55-59</td>
<td>0.582</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-64</td>
<td>0.582</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65-69</td>
<td>0.642</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70+</td>
<td>0.661</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As you consider Long Term Disability insurance, evaluate what makes sense for you.
Getting by without a paycheck isn’t easy, especially for an extended period of time. Make sure you have enough financial protection to help you with housing costs, utilities and other bills.

To estimate your insurance needs, you’ll need to consider your unique circumstances. Use our online calculator at standard.com/disability/needs.
Important Details
Here’s where you’ll find the nitty-gritty details about the plan.

Eligibility Requirements
To be eligible for coverage, you must be:

• A full-time member covered under the medical plan of State of Nevada actively working at least 80 hours per month
• A citizen or resident of the United States or Canada

Temporary and seasonal employees, full-time members of the armed forces, leased employees and independent contractors are not eligible.

Employee Coverage Effective Date
To become insured you must:

• Meet the eligibility requirements listed above
• Apply for coverage and agree to pay premiums
• Receive medical underwriting approval (if applicable)
• Be actively at work (able to perform all normal duties of your job) on the day before the scheduled effective date of insurance

If you are not actively at work on the day before the scheduled effective date of insurance, your insurance will not become effective until the day after you complete one full day of active work as an eligible employee.

All late applications (applying 31 days after becoming eligible), requests for coverage increases (including requests to insure predisability earnings that are greater than the last amount for which evidence of insurability was required), amounts over the guarantee issue amount and reinstatements are subject to medical underwriting approval. Employees eligible but not insured under the prior long term disability insurance plan are also subject to medical underwriting approval. Please contact your human resources representative or plan administrator for more information regarding the requirements that must be satisfied for your insurance to become effective.

Definition of Disability
For the benefit waiting period and the first 24 months that Long Term Disability benefits are payable, you will be considered disabled if, as a result of physical disease, injury, pregnancy or mental disorder:

• You are unable to perform with reasonable continuity the material duties of your own occupation, and
• You suffer a loss of at least 20 percent of your predisability earnings when working in your own occupation.

You are not considered disabled merely because your right to perform your own occupation is restricted, including a restriction or loss of license.

After the own occupation period of disability, you will be considered disabled if, as a result of a physical disease, injury, pregnancy or mental disorder, you are unable to perform with reasonable continuity the material duties of any occupation.

Maximum Benefit Period
If you become disabled before age 62, Long Term Disability benefits may continue during disability until age 65 or 3 years, 6 months, whichever is longer. If you become disabled at age 62 or older, the benefit duration is determined by the age when disability begins:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Maximum Benefit Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>3 years, 6 months, or 3 years, 6 months, whichever is longer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td>3 years, or 3 years, whichever is longer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64</td>
<td>2 years, 6 months, or 2 years, 6 months, whichever is longer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>1 year, 9 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>1 year, 6 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>1 year, 3 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td>1 year</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Exclusions**
Subject to state variations, you are not covered for a disability caused or contributed to by any of the following:

- Your committing or attempting to commit an assault or felony, or your active participation in a violent disorder or riot
- An intentionally self-inflicted injury, while sane or insane
- War or any act of war (declared or undeclared, and any substantial armed conflict between organized forces of a military nature)
- The loss of your professional or occupational license or certification
- A preexisting condition or the medical or surgical treatment of a preexisting condition unless on the date you become disabled, you have been continuously insured under the group policy for the exclusion period and you have been actively at work for at least one full day after the end of the exclusion period

**Preexisting Condition Provision**
A preexisting condition is a mental or physical condition whether or not diagnosed or misdiagnosed during the 90-day period just before your insurance becomes effective:

- For which you, or a reasonably prudent person would have consulted a physician or other licensed medical professional; received medical treatment, services or advice; undergone diagnostic procedures, including self-administered procedures; or taken prescribed drugs or medications
- Which, as a result of any medical examination, including routine examination, was discovered or suspected

Exclusion Period: 12 months

**Limitations**
Long Term Disability benefits are not payable for any period when you are:

- Not under the ongoing care of a physician in the appropriate specialty, as determined by The Standard
- Not participating in good faith in a plan, program or course of medical treatment or vocational training or education approved by The Standard, unless your disability prevents you from participating
- Confined for any reason in a penal or correctional institution
- During the 24 month own occupation period the responsibility to work is limited to work in your own occupation; thereafter, the responsibility to work includes work in any occupation.

In addition, the length of time you can receive Long Term Disability payments will be limited if:

- You reside outside of the United States or Canada
- Your disability is caused or contributed to by mental disorders, substance abuse, the environment, chronic fatigue conditions, chronic pain conditions, carpal tunnel or repetitive motion syndrome, temporomandibular joint disorder or craniomandibular joint disorder.

**When Your Benefits End**
Your Long Term Disability benefits end automatically on the date any of the following occur:

- You are no longer disabled
- Your maximum benefit period ends
- Benefits become payable under any other disability insurance plan under which you become insured through employment during a period of temporary recovery
- You fail to provide proof of continued disability and entitlement to benefits
- You pass away
Deductible Income
Your benefits will be reduced if you have deductible income, which is income you receive or are eligible to receive while receiving Long Term Disability benefits. Deductible income includes:

- Sick pay, annual or personal leave pay, severance pay or other forms of salary continuation (including donated amounts) paid to you by your employer that exceeds 100 percent of your indexed predisability earnings when added to your Long Term Disability benefit
- Benefits under any workers’ compensation law or similar law
- Amounts under unemployment compensation law
- Social Security disability or retirement benefits, including benefits for your spouse and children
- Amounts because of your disability from any other group insurance
- Any disability or retirement benefits you received or are eligible to receive from your employer’s retirement plan
- Benefits under any state disability income benefit law or similar law
- Earnings from work activity while you are disabled, plus the earnings you could receive if you work as much as your disability allows
- Earnings or compensation included in your predisability earnings which you receive or are eligible to receive while Long Term Disability benefits are payable
- Amounts due from or on behalf of a third party because of your disability, whether by judgment, settlement or other method
- Any amount you receive by compromise, settlement or other method as a result of a claim for any of the above

When Your Insurance Ends
Your insurance ends automatically when any of the following occur:

- The date the last period ends for which a premium was paid
- The date your employment terminates
- The date the group policy terminates
- The date you cease to meet the eligibility requirements (insurance may continue for limited periods under certain circumstances)
- The date State of Nevada ends participation in the group policy

Conversion
You may have the option to obtain Long Term Disability conversion insurance after the termination of your insurance with State of Nevada, if you meet the requirements defined by the group policy.

Group Insurance Certificate
If coverage becomes effective, and you become insured, you will receive a group insurance certificate containing a detailed description of the insurance coverage, including the definitions, exclusions, limitations, reductions and terminating events. The controlling provisions will be in the group policy. The information present in this summary does not modify the group policy, certificate or the insurance coverage in any way.
For more than 100 years, we have been dedicated to our core purpose: to help people achieve financial well-being and peace of mind. Headquartered in Portland, Oregon, The Standard is a nationally recognized provider of group employee benefits. To learn more about products from The Standard, visit us at standard.com.

The Standard is a marketing name for StanCorp Financial Group, Inc. and subsidiaries. Insurance products are offered by Standard Insurance Company of Portland, Oregon, in all states except New York. Product features and availability vary by state and are solely the responsibility of Standard Insurance Company.